Ottawa, Ontario East Block Parliament Hill

HERITAGE CHARACTER STATEMENT

The East Block was built in 1859-65 to the designs of Thomas Stent and Augustus Laver, architects. It was enlarged in 1910-1913 by the Department of Public Works, and underwent major restoration and rehabilitation work in 1978. It is under the care of Public Works Canada. See FHBRO Building Report 86-52.

Reason for Designation

On January 16, 1987, the East Block was designated Classified because of its exceptional importance in terms of historical associations, architectural quality, and environmental impact.

As office accommodation to prime ministers, governers-general, senior ministers, and the Privy Council, it is directly associated with the role played by these institutions in the shaping of Canada's history. Aesthetically, it is the finest example of Ruskinian Gothic Revival in the country. And in addition to being a national landmark in its own right, it plays a critical role in establishing the overall character of the Parliament Hill complex, as well as contributing strongly to the character of the Confederation Square area to the south and the Major's Hill Park area to the east.

Character Defining Elements

The heritage character of the East Block lies in its full display of the picturesque massing, structural ornament, and careful manipulation of texture and colour for surface effect valued by the High Victorian designer. The free massing of the building, organized around strongly expressed pavilions of different heights, produces the essential asymmetrical, picturesque silhouette. Victorian designers valued an interpenetration between building and sky: the iron cresting and pinnacles of the building are essential to its aesthetic conception. The inclusion of coloured stone, and the variation between dressed stone surrounds and rock-faced walls is also characteristic. The patina the stone has acquired does not diminish this quality. Since the design of the building conforms to many Ruskinian principles, Ruskin's appreciation of patina might be an appropriate guide to the future care of the building.

The 1910 wing is a modest, entirely sympathetic addition.

The interior of the building was originally a straightforward arrangement of closed offices along a central corridor. This arrangement has been preserved in the recent renovations; at the same time major historical rooms were designated museums and

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restored for public viewing. The rest of the interior has been gently adapted to contemporary use and sets a reasonable precedent for future work.

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