

FHBRO HERITAGE CHARACTER STATEMENT

BUILDING #T-114 (JUNIOR RANKS QUARTERS), CFB BORDEN

FHBRO number: **94-088**
DFRP number: **11022**
Resource name: **Junior Ranks Quarters, Building T-114**
Address: **CFB Borden, Ontario**
FHBRO status: **“Recognized” Federal Heritage Building**
Construction : **1952**
Designer : **Department of Public Works, Canada (no individual identified)**
Original function : **Barracks/personnel quarters, with service rooms**
Current function : **Barracks/personnel quarters, with service rooms**
Modifications : **Minor window and interior adjustments**
Custodian : **Department of National Defence**

Reasons for Designation

Building T-114, Junior Ranks Quarters (Korea Road) is a “Recognized” Federal Heritage Building because of its historical associations, and its architectural and environmental values.

Historical value:

Constructed in 1952 to plans prepared in 1950, building T-114 at CFB Borden is associated with the massive construction and modernization program undertaken by the Department of National Defence for all military services after the Second World War. The two primary themes for this association are (1) the creation of permanent peacetime armed forces, and (2) the expansion and transformation of the military services to meet specific national commitments in the early years of the Cold War. This barracks block, part of a series of quarters buildings along the western edge of the permanently settled portion of CFB Borden, was an early component of the post-WWII expansion of the base to accommodate a wide variety of new housing. Unlike many major structures of the era designed by private architects, this project was developed by DND staff as an exemplar of new standards of improved accommodation, based on prototypes constructed during WWII.

Architectural value:

Building T-114 is a two-storey concrete structure clad in white-painted stucco, with a flat roof behind a low parapet wall. The primary elevation, facing east to a paved parade ground, is a symmetrical composition centered on a double-height, flat-topped portico of six classically-arrayed rectangular pillars between end walls atop a short flight of steps, the whole standing out from the front wall and above the original roof line, protecting a principal entrance recessed from the front wall. Behind this colonnade, the main entrance comprises three pairs of paneled wooden doors, above which is a large panel glazed in a brick-bond pattern. The elevations comprise two storeys of horizontal window openings on continuous lintels, accented by continuous horizontal box-profile mouldings that wrap around the building, except at the recessed northeast and southeast corners, which are set back in plan with a double-height frame that folds around the two corner windows on each floor. The original multi-paned windows comprised an ABA arrangement of a fixed central unit bracketed by two narrower double-hung sash windows, since replaced by slightly varying single-pane units in functionally similar but equally spaced glazing configurations.

In plan the building is an elongated U, with a central single-storey pavilion on the half-court (west) side, and stair blocks at its ends, their flat roofs aligning to the upper mouldings of the elevations. The interior comprises double-loaded corridors with four-person rooms on both sides, and shared shower- and washrooms at the inside corners of the plan. Interior finishes are generally terrazzo floors, acoustic-tile

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ceilings and painted plaster walls, and with built-in wood-veneered furnishings in the barrack rooms. The original high-ceilinged central common room facing the rear half-court has been subdivided and the windows on three sides reduced. The original dominant interior feature, a full-height fieldstone-clad fireplace block projecting into the space from the east, with an off-centered fireplace on a quarry-tile plinth, no longer functions. The interior was originally finished in a mid-20th century modernist recreational style with wooden paneling.

The overall effect is a modernist hybrid of neo-classical formalism and Prairie-style accents. Along with the adjacent and almost identical junior ranks quarters (T-115), the building has not had a pitched roof added, and so its exterior retains most of the integrity of the original standard design.

Environmental value:

Backing onto a small ravine at the western edge of the main settled portion of CFB Borden, the primary formal elevation of Building T-114 is centered on the western frontage of the paved parade square defined by Congo and Korea roads. The building is surrounded by cropped lawns, with paved areas at the front entrance and most of the rear half-court. Groups of mature trees are aligned in front, partly screening the main elevation from the parade ground. Along with the almost identical building T-115, this barracks is essential to the formal definition of its ensemble within the larger layout of CFB Borden.

Character-Defining Elements

The following character-defining elements of Building T-114 should be respected:

Its role as an illustration of the expansion, modernization and diversification of the Canadian military in peacetime as reflected in:

- its exemplary role for new standards of military accommodation of its period;
- its high standard of robust, durable construction;
- the formal and functional relationship of building elevations to internal arrangements; and
- its formally symmetrical orientation to its parade-ground frontage.

Its combination of architectural modernism and functionalism in a durable and economical form as manifested in:

- the symmetrical plan and horizontally emphasized massing of the building;
- the symmetrical main (east) elevation, with articulated corner accents and the emphasized and elaborated principal frontage, with its projecting portico and recessed entrance;
- the general horizontal emphasis on all elevations, reinforced by the flat roofscape and parapets, and the wrap-around continuity of the projecting belt courses; and
- the hybrid modernistic style, a distinctive combination of aspects of both Prairie style and modern neoclassicism.

The manner in which it reinforces the formally planned character of the setting as evidenced in:

- the formal symmetry of its freestanding location and orientation addressing a principal ceremonial and functional quadrangular open space in the overall base plan; and
- its relationship to a functionally and formally allied building group of different periods.

For guidance on interventions, please refer to the *FHBRO Code of Practice*. For further information contact FHBRO.

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